

CompTIA A+ Certification Exam Objectives

EXAM NUMBER: 220-901





About the Exam

Candidates are encouraged to use this document to help prepare for CompTIA A+ 220-901. In order to receive the CompTIA A+ certification, you must pass two exams: 220-901 and 220-902. CompTIA A+ 220-901 measures the necessary skills for an entry-level IT professional. Successful candidates will have the knowledge required to:

- · Assemble components based on customer requirements
- Install, configure and maintain devices, PCs and software for end users
- · Understand the basics of networking and security/forensics
- · Properly and safely diagnose, resolve and document common hardware and software issues
- · Apply troubleshooting skills
- · Provide appropriate customer support
- · Understand the basics of virtualization, desktop imaging and deployment

These content examples are meant to clarify the test objectives and should not be construed as a comprehensive listing of all the content of this examination.

EXAM ACCREDITATION

CompTIA A+ is accredited by ANSI to show compliance with the ISO 17024 Standard and, as such, undergoes regular reviews and updates to the exam objectives.

EXAM DEVELOPMENT

CompTIA exams result from subject matter expert workshops and industry-wide survey results regarding the skills and knowledge required of an entry-level IT professional.

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PLEASE NOTE

The lists of examples provided in bulleted format are not exhaustive lists. Other examples of technologies, processes or tasks pertaining to each objective may also be included on the exam although not listed or covered in this objectives document. CompTIA is constantly reviewing the content of our exams and updating test questions to be sure our exams are current and the security of the questions is protected. When necessary, we will publish updated exams based on existing exam objectives. Please know that all related exam preparation materials will still be valid.



TEST DETAILS

Required exam CompTIA A+ 220-901 Number of questions Maximum of 90

Types of questions Multiple choice and performance-based

Length of test 90 minutes

Recommended experience Six to 12 months hands-on experience in the lab or field

Passing score CompTIA A+ 220-901: 675 (on a scale of 900)

EXAM OBJECTIVES (DOMAINS)

The table below lists the domains measured by this examination and the extent to which they are represented:

DOMAIN PERCEN	TAGE OF EXAMINATION
1.0 Hardware	34%
2.0 Networking	21%
3.0 Mobile Devices	17%
4.0 Hardware & Network Troubleshoo	ting 28%
Total	100%





·1.0 Hardware

- Given a scenario, configure settings and use BIOS/UEFI tools on a PC.
 - Firmware upgrades/flash BIOS
 - BIOS component information
 - RAM
 - Hard drive
 - Optical drive
 - CPU
 - · BIOS configurations
 - Boot sequence

- Enabling and disabling devices
- Date/time
- Clock speeds
- Virtualization support
- BIOS security (passwords, drive encryption: TPM, LoJack, secure boot)
- Built-in diagnostics

- Monitoring
 - Temperature monitoring
 - Fan speeds
 - Intrusion detection/notification
 - Voltage
 - Clock
 - Bus speed

- Explain the importance of motherboard components, their purpose and properties.
 - Sizes
 - ATX
 - Micro-ATX
 - Mini-ITX
 - ITX
 - Expansion slots
 - PCI
 - PCI-X
 - PCIe
 - miniPCI

- RAM slots
- CPU sockets
- Chipsets
 - Northbridge
 - Southbridge
- CMOS battery
- Power connections and types
- Fan connectors

- Front/top panel connectors
 - USB
 - Audio
 - Power button
 - Power light
 - Drive activity lights
- Bus speeds
- Reset button
- Compare and contrast various RAM types and their features.
 - Types
 - DDR
 - -DDR2
 - DDR3
 - SODIMM
 - DIMM
 - Parity vs. non-parity

- ECC vs. non-ECC
- RAM configurations
 - Single channel vs. dual channel vs. triple channel
- Single sided vs. double sided
- Buffered vs. unbuffered

· RAM compatibility





Install and configure PC expansion cards.

- Sound cards
- Video cards
- Network cards
- USB cards
- Firewire cards
- Thunderbolt cards

- · Storage cards
- Modem cards
- · Wireless/cellular cards
- TV tuner cards
- · Video capture cards
- Riser cards

1.5 Install and configure storage devices and use appropriate media.

- Optical drives
 - CD-ROM/CD-RW
 - DVD-ROM/DVD-RW/DVD-RW DL
 - Blu-ray
 - BD-R
 - BD-RE
- · Magnetic hard disk drives
 - 5400 rpm
 - 7200 rpm
 - 10,000 rpm
- Hot swappable drives
- · Solid state/flash drives
 - Compact flash

- 51
- MicroSD
- MiniSD
- xD
-
- SSD
- Hybrid
- eMMC
- RAID types
 - 0
 - 1
 - 5
 - 10

- Tape drive
- Media capacity
 - CD
 - CD-RW
 - DVD-RW
 - DVD
 - Blu-ray
 - Tape
 - DVD DL

Install various types of CPUs and apply the appropriate cooling methods.

- Socket types
 - Intel: 775, 1155, 1156, 1366, 1150, 2011
 - AMD: AM3, AM3+, FM1, FM2, FM2+
- Characteristics
 - Speeds
 - Cores
 - Cache size/type
 - Hyperthreading
 - Virtualization support

- Architecture (32-bit vs. 64-bit)
- Integrated GPU
- Disable execute bit
- Cooling
 - Heat sink
 - Fans
 - Thermal paste
 - Liquid-based
 - Fanless/passive





Compare and contrast various PC connection interfaces, their characteristics and purpose.

- Physical connections
 - USB 1.1 vs. 2.0 vs. 3.0
 - Connector types: A, B, mini, micro
 - Firewire 400 vs. Firewire 800
 - SATA1 vs. SATA2 vs. SATA3, eSATA
 - Other connector types
 - VGA
 - HDMI
 - DVI

- Audio
 - Analog
 - Digital (Optical connector)
- RJ-45
- RJ-11
- Thunderbolt
- · Wireless connections
 - Bluetooth
 - RF

- IR
- NFC
- Characteristics
 - Analog
 - Digital
 - Distance limitations
 - Data transfer speeds
 - Quality
 - Frequencies

^{1.8} Install a power supply based on given specifications.

- · Connector types and their voltages
 - SATA
 - Molex
 - 4/8-pin 12v
 - PCIe 6/8-pin
 - 20-pin
 - 24-pin

- Specifications
 - Wattage
 - Dual rail
 - Size
 - Number of connectors
 - ATX
 - MicroATX
 - Dual voltage options
- Given a scenario, select the appropriate components for a custom PC configuration to meet customer specifications or needs.
 - · Graphic/CAD/CAM design workstation
 - Multicore processor
 - High-end video
 - Maximum RAM
 - · Audio/video editing workstation
 - Specialized audio and video card
 - Large fast hard drive
 - Dual monitors
 - · Virtualization workstation
 - Maximum RAM and CPU cores
 - Gaming PC
 - Multicore processor

- High-end video/specialized GPU
- High-definition sound card
- High-end cooling
- · Home theater PC
 - Surround sound audio
 - HDMI output
 - HTPC compact form factor
 - TV tuner
- · Standard thick client
 - Desktop applications
 - Meets recommended requirements for selected OS

- Thin client
 - Basic applications
 - Meets minimum requirements for selected OS
 - Network connectivity
- Home server PC
 - Media streaming
 - File sharing
 - Print sharing
 - Gigabit NIC
 - RAID array



Compare and contrast types of display devices and their features.

Types

- LCD

- TN vs. IPS

- Fluorescent vs. LED backlighting

- Plasma

- Projector

- OLED

• Refresh/frame rates

Resolution

Native resolution

· Brightness/lumens

· Analog vs. digital

• Privacy/antiglare filters

· Multiple displays

Aspect ratios

- 16:9

- 16:10 - 4:3

Identify common PC connector types and associated cables.

Display connector types

- DVI-D

- DVI-I

- DVI-A

- DisplayPort

- RCA

- HD15 (i.e., DE15 or DB15)

- BNC

- miniHDMI

- miniDin-6

· Display cable types

- HDMI

- DVI

- VGA

- Component

- Composite

- Coaxial

• Device cables and connectors

- SATA

- eSATA

- USB

- Firewire (IEEE1394)

- PS/2

- Audio

· Adapters and convertors

- DVI to HDMI

- USB A to USB B

- USB to Ethernet

- DVI to VGA

- Thunderbolt to DVI

- PS/2 to USB

- HDMI to VGA

Install and configure common peripheral devices.

Input devices

- Mouse

- Keyboard

- Scanner

- Barcode reader

- Biometric devices

- Game pads

- Joysticks

- Digitizer

- Motion sensor

- Touch pads

- Smart card readers

- Digital cameras

- Microphone

- Webcam

- Camcorder

Output devices

- Printers

- Speakers

- Display devices

Input & output devices

- Touch screen

- KVM

- Smart TV

- Set-top Box

- MIDI-enabled devices

Install SOHO multifunction device/printers and configure appropriate settings.

- Use appropriate drivers for a given operating system
 - Configuration settings
 - Duplex
 - Collate
 - Orientation
 - Quality
- · Device sharing
 - Wired

- USB
- Serial
- Ethernet
- Wireless
 - Bluetooth
 - -802.11 (a/b/g/n/ac)
 - Infrastructure vs. ad hoc
- Integrated print server (hardware)
- Cloud printing/remote printing

Public/shared devices

- Sharing local/networked device via operating system settings
 - TCP/Bonjour/AirPrint
- Data privacy
 - User authentication on the device
 - Hard drive caching

Compare and contrast differences between the various print technologies and the associated imaging process.

Laser

- Imaging drum, fuser assembly, transfer belt, transfer roller, pickup rollers, separate pads, duplexing assembly
- Imaging process: processing, charging, exposing, developing, transferring, fusing and cleaning

• Inkiet

- Ink cartridge, print head, roller, feeder, duplexing assembly, carriage and belt
- Calibration

Thermal

- Feed assembly, heating element
- Special thermal paper

Impact

- Print head, ribbon, tractor feed
- Impact paper

Virtual

- Print to file
- Print to PDF
- Print to XPS
- Print to image

Given a scenario, perform appropriate printer maintenance.

Laser

- Replacing toner, applying maintenance kit, calibration, cleaning
- Thermal
 - Replace paper, clean heating element, remove debris

Impact

- Replace ribbon, replace print head, replace paper
- Inkjet
 - Clean heads, replace cartridges, calibration, clear jams





•2.0 Networking

- Identify the various types of network cables and connectors.
 - Fiber
 - Connectors: SC, ST and LC
 - Twisted Pair
 - Connectors: RJ-11, RJ-45
 - Wiring standards: T568A, T568B
- Coaxia
 - Connectors: BNC, F-connector
- ²⁻² Compare and contrast the characteristics of connectors and cabling.
 - Fiber
 - Types (single-mode vs. multi-mode)
 - Speed and transmission limitations
- · Twisted pair
 - Types: STP, UTP, CAT3, CAT5, CAT5e, CAT6, CAT6e, CAT7, plenum, PVC
 - Speed and transmission limitations
 - Splitters and effects on signal quality
- Coaxial
 - Types: RG-6, RG-59
 - Speed and transmission limitations
 - Splitters and effects on signal quality
- Explain the properties and characteristics of TCP/IP.
 - IPv4 vs. IPv6
 - Public vs. private vs. APIPA/link local
 - · Static vs. dynamic
 - Client-side DNS settings

- · Client-side DHCP
- · Subnet mask vs. CIDR
- Gateway
- Explain common TCP and UDP ports, protocols and their purpose.
 - Ports
 - 21 FTP
 - 22 SSH
 - 23 TELNET
 - 25 SMTP
 - 53 DNS
 - 80 HTTP
 - 110 POP3
 - 143 IMAP

- 443 HTTPS
- 3389 RDP
- 137-139 NetBIOS/NetBT
- 445 SMB/CIFS
- 427 SLP
- 548 AFP
- Protocols
 - DHCP
 - DNS

- LDAP
- SNMP
- SMB
- CIFS
- SSH - AFP
- TCP vs. UDP

- Compare and contrast various WiFi networking standards and encryption types.
 - Standards

Encryption types

- -802.11 (a/b/g/n/ac)
- Speeds, distances and frequencies
- WEP, WPA, WPA2, TKIP, AES
- Given a scenario, install and configure SOHO wireless/ wired router and apply appropriate settings.
 - Channels

- Port forwarding, port triggering
- DHCP (on/off)

- NAT/DNATBasic QoS
- Firmware
- DMZ UPnP
- 2.7 Compare and contrast Internet connection types, network types and their features.
 - Internet connection types
 - Cable
 - DSL
 - Dial-up - Fiber
 - Satellite

- ISDN
- Cellular
 - Tethering - Mobile hotspot
- Line-of-sight wireless Internet service
- Network Types
 - LAN
 - WAN - PAN
- PAN - MAN
- ^{2.8} Compare and contrast network architecture devices, their functions and features.
 - Hub

Bridge

Switch

Modem

Router

• Firewall

Access point

· Patch panel

- Repeaters/extenders
- Ethernet over Power
- Power over Ethernet injector
- Given a scenario, use appropriate networking tools.
 - Crimper

Cable tester

· Cable stripper

Loopback plug

Multimeter

- Punchdown tool
- Tone generator and probe
- · WiFi analyzer





-3.0 Mobile Devices

Install and configure laptop hardware and components.

- Expansion options
 - Expresscard /34
 - Expresscard /54
 - SODIMM
 - Flash
 - Ports/Adapters
 - Thunderbolt
 - DisplayPort
 - USB to RJ-45 dongle
 - USB to WiFi dongle

- USB to Bluetooth
- USB Optical Drive
- · Hardware/device replacement
 - Keyboard
 - Hard drive
 - SSD vs. hybrid vs. magnetic disk
 - 1.8in vs. 2.5in
 - Memory
 - Smart card reader
 - Optical drive

- Wireless card
- Mini-PCle
- Screen
- DC jack
- Battery
- Touchpad
- Plastics/frames
- Speaker
- System board
- CPU

Explain the function of components within the display of a laptop.

- Types
 - LCD
 - -TN vs. IPS
 - Fluorescent vs. LED backlighting
 - OLED

- · WiFi antenna connector/placement
- Webcam
- Microphone
- Inverter
- Digitizer
- Given a scenario, use appropriate laptop features.
 - · Special function keys
 - Dual displays
 - Wireless (on/off)
 - Cellular (on/off)
 - Volume settings
 - Screen brightness
 - Bluetooth (on/off)

- Keyboard backlight
- Touch pad (on/off)
- Screen orientation
- Media options (fast forward/rewind)
- GPS (on/off)
- Airplane mode

- Docking station
- Physical laptop lock and cable lock
- Rotating/removable screens





Explain the characteristics of various types of other mobile devices.

Tablets

- Fitness monitors

· Smart camera

Smartphones

- Glasses and headsets

• GPS

- Wearable technology devices
 - Smart watches

- Phablets
- e-Readers
- Compare and contrast accessories and ports of other mobile devices.
 - Connection types
 - NFC
 - Proprietary vendor-specific ports (communication/power)
 - MicroUSB/miniUSB
 - Lightning
 - Bluetooth

- IR
- Hotspot/tethering
- Accessories
 - Headsets
 - Speakers
 - Game pads
 - Docking stations

- Extra battery packs/battery chargers
- Protective covers/water proofing
- Credit card readers
- Memory/MicroSD





4.0 Hardware and Network Troubleshooting

- Given a scenario, troubleshoot common problems related to motherboards, RAM, CPU and power with appropriate tools.
 - Common symptoms
 - Unexpected shutdowns
 - System lockups
 - POST code beeps
 - Blank screen on bootup
 - BIOS time and settings resets
 - Attempts to boot to incorrect device
 - Continuous reboots

- No power
- Overheating
- Loud noise
- Intermittent device failure
- Fans spin no power to other devices
- Indicator lights
- Smoke
- Burning smell

- Proprietary crash screens (BSOD/pin wheel)
- Distended capacitors
- Tools
 - Multimeter
 - Power supply tester
 - Loopback plugs
 - POST card/USB
- Given a scenario, troubleshoot hard drives and RAID arrays with appropriate tools.
 - Common symptoms
 - Read/write failure
 - Slow performance
 - Loud clicking noise
 - Failure to boot
 - Drive not recognized
 - OS not found
 - RAID not found

- RAID stops working
- Proprietary crash screens (BSOD/pin wheel)
- S.M.A.R.T. errors
- Tools
 - Screwdriver
 - External enclosures
 - CHKDSK

- FORMAT
- File recovery software
- Bootrec
- Diskpart
- Defragmentation tool

- Given a scenario, troubleshoot common video, projector and display issues.
 - Common symptoms
 - VGA mode
 - No image on screen
 - Overheat shutdown
 - Dead pixels

- Artifacts
- Color patterns incorrect
- Dim image
- Flickering image
- Distorted image

- Distorted geometry
- Burn-in
- Oversized images and icons





Given a scenario, troubleshoot wired and wireless networks with appropriate tools.

- Common symptoms
 - No connectivity
 - APIPA/link local address
 - Limited connectivity
 - Local connectivity
 - Intermittent connectivity
 - IP conflict
 - Slow transfer speeds
 - Low RF signal
 - SSID not found

- · Hardware tools
 - Cable tester
 - Loopback plug
 - Punchdown tools
 - Tone generator and probe
 - Wire strippers
 - Crimper
 - Wireless locator

- · Command line tools
 - PING
 - IPCONFIG/IFCONFIG
 - TRACERT
 - NETSTAT
 - NBTSTAT
 - NET
 - NETDOM
 - NSLOOKUP

Given a scenario, troubleshoot and repair common mobile device issues while adhering to the appropriate procedures.

- Common symptoms
 - No display
 - Dim display
 - Flickering display
 - Sticking keys
 - Intermittent wireless
 - Battery not charging
 - Ghost cursor/pointer drift
 - No power
 - Num lock indicator lights

- No wireless connectivity
- No Bluetooth connectivity
- Cannot display to external monitor
- Touchscreen non-responsive
- Apps not loading
- Slow performance
- Unable to decrypt email
- Extremely short battery life
- Overheating
- Frozen system

- No sound from speakers
- GPS not functioning
- Swollen battery
- Disassembling processes

for proper re-assembly

- Document and label cable and screw locations
- Organize parts
- Refer to manufacturer resources
- Use appropriate hand tools

Given a scenario, troubleshoot printers with appropriate tools.

- Common symptoms
 - Streaks
 - Faded prints
 - Ghost images
 - Toner not fused to the paper
 - Creased paper
 - Paper not feeding
 - Paper jam
 - No connectivity

- Garbled characters on paper
- Vertical lines on page
- Backed up print queue
- Low memory errors
- Access denied
- Printer will not print
- Color prints in wrong print color
- Unable to install printer
- Error codes

- Printing blank pages
- No image on printer display
- · Tools
 - Maintenance kit
 - Toner vacuum
 - Compressed air
 - Printer spooler

CompTIA A+ Acronyms

The following is a list of acronyms that appear on the CompTIA A+ exams. Candidates are encouraged to review the complete list and attain a working knowledge of all listed acronyms as a part of a comprehensive exam preparation program.

ACRONYM	SPELLED OUT	ACRONYM	SPELLED OUT
AC	Alternating Current	CPU	Central Processing Unit
ACL	Access Control List	CRT	Cathode Ray Tube
ACPI	Advanced Configuration Power Interface	DAC	Discretionary Access Control
ACT	Activity	DB-25	Serial Communications D-Shell Connector, 25 Pins
ADSL	Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line	DB-9	9 Pin D Shell Connector
AGP	Accelerated Graphics Port	DC	Direct Current
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface	DDoS	Distributed Denial of Service
AP	Access Point	DDR	Double Data Rate
APIPA	Automatic Private Internet Protocol Addressing	DDR RAM	Double Data Rate Random-Access Memory
APM	Advanced Power Management	DDR SDRAM	Double Data Rate Synchronous Dynamic
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol		Random-Access Memory
ASR	Automated System Recovery	DFS	Distributed File System
ATA	Advanced Technology Attachment	DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
ATAPI	Advanced Technology Attachment Packet Interface	DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode	DIN	Deutsche Industrie Norm
ATX	Advanced Technology Extended	DLT	Digital Linear Tape
AUP	Acceptable Use Policy	DLP	Digital Light Processing
A/V	Audio Video	DMA	Direct Memory Access
BIOS	Basic Input/Output System	DMZ	Demilitarized Zone
BNC	Bayonet-Neill-Concelman or	DNS	Domain Name Service or Domain Name Server
	British Naval Connector	DoS	Denial of Service
BTX	Balanced Technology Extended	DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
CAPTCHA	Completely Automated Public Turing Test	DRM	Digital Rights Management
	to tell Computers and Humans Apart	DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
CCFL	Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp	DVD	Digital Video Disc or Digital Versatile Disc
CD	Compact Disc	DVD-RAM	Digital Video Disc-Random-Access Memory
CD-ROM	Compact Disc-Read-Only Memory	DVD-ROM	Digital Video Disc-Read-Only Memory
CD-RW	Compact Disc-Rewritable	DVD-R	Digital Video Disc-Recordable
CDFS	Compact Disc File System	DVD-RW	Digital Video Disc-Rewritable
CFS	Central File System or Common File System or	DVI	Digital Visual Interface
	Command File System	ECC	Error Correcting Code or
CIFS	Common Internet File System		Error Checking and Correction
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor	ECP	Extended Capabilities Port
CNR	Communications and Networking Riser	EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable
COMx	Communication Port (x=Port Number)		Read-Only Memory



ACRONYM	SPELLED OUT	ACRONYM	SPELLED OUT
EFS	Encrypting File System	IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
EIDE	Enhanced Integrated Drive Electronics	IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
EMI	Electromagnetic Interference	IP	Internet Protocol
EMP	Electromagnetic Pulse	IPCONFIG	Internet Protocol Configuration
EPROM	Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory	IPP	Internet Printing Protocol
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port	IPS	In-Plane Switching
		IPSec	Internet Protocol Security
ERD	Emergency Repair Disk	IR IrDA	Infrared Infrared Data Association
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge	IRP	Incident Response Plan
EULA	End-User License Agreement	IRQ	Interrupt Request
EVGA	Extended Video Graphics Adapter/Array	ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
EVDO	Evolution Data Optimized or Evolution Data Only	ISO	International Organization for Standardization/
FAT	File Allocation Table		Industry Standards Organization
FAT12	12-Bit File Allocation Table	ISP	Internet Service Provider
FAT16	16-Bit File Allocation Table	JBOD	Just a Bunch Of Disks
FAT32	32-Bit File Allocation Table	Kb	Kilobit
FDD	Floppy Disk Drive	KB	Kilobyte or Knowledge Base
Fn	Function (referring to the function key on a laptop)	LAN	Local Area Network
FPM	Fast Page Mode	LBA	Logical Block Addressing
FRU	Field Replaceable Unit	LC	Lucent Connector
FSB	Front Side Bus	LCD LDAP	Liquid Crystal Display Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
		LED	Light Emitting Diode
FTP	File Transfer Protocol	LI-ON	Lithium-Ion
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name	LPD/LPR	Line Printer Daemon/Line Printer Remote
Gb	Gigabit	LPT	Line Printer Terminal
GB	Gigabyte	LVD	Low Voltage Differential
GDI	Graphics Device Interface	MAC	Media Access Control or Mandatory Access Control
GHz	Gigahertz	MAPI	Messaging Application Programming Interface
GUI	Graphical User Interface	MAU	Media Access Unit or Media Attachment Unit
GPS	Global Positioning System	Mb	Megabit
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications	MB	Megabyte
HAL	Hardware Abstraction Layer	MBR MBSA	Master Boot Record Microsoft Baseline Security Analyzer
HAV	Hardware-Assisted Virtualization	MFD	Multi-Function Device
HCL	Hardware Compatibility List	MFP	Multi-Function Product
HDD	Hard Disk Drive	MHz	Megahertz
HDMI	High-Definition Media Interface	MicroDIMM	Micro Dual Inline Memory Module
HPFS	High-Performance File System	MIDI	Musical Instrument Digital Interface
HTML	3	MIME	Multipurpose Internet Mail Extension
	Hypertext Markup Language	MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
HTPC HTTP	Home Theater PC Hypertext Transfer Protocol	MMC	Microsoft Management Console
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Over	MP3	Moving Picture Experts Group Layer 3 Audio
111113	Secure Sockets Layer	MP4	Moving Picture Experts Group Layer 4
1/0	Input/Output	MPEG	Moving Picture Experts Group
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol	MSCONFIG MSDS	Microsoft Configuration Material Safety Data Sheet
ICR	Intelligent Character Recognition	MUI	Multilingual User Interface
IDE	Integrated Drive Electronics	NAC	Network Access Control
IDS	Intrusion Detection System	NAS	Network Attached Storage
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	NAT	Network Address Translation
IIS	Internet Information Services	NetBIOS	Networked Basic Input/Output System
IMAP	Internet Mail Access Protocol		



ACRONYM	SPELLED OUT	ACRONYM	SPELLED OUT
NetBEUI	Networked Basic input/output system	RGB	Red Green Blue
	Extended User Interface	RIP	Routing Information Protocol
NFS	Network File System	RIS	Remote Installation Service
NIC	Network Interface Card	RISC	Reduced Instruction Set Computer
NiCd	Nickel Cadmium	RJ-11	Registered Jack Function 11
NiMH	Nickel Metal Hydride	RJ-45	Registered Jack Function 45
NLX	New Low profile Extended	RMA	Returned Materials Authorization
NNTP	Network News Transfer Protocol	ROM	Read-Only Memory
NTFS	New Technology File System	RTC	Real-Time Clock
NTLDR	New Technology Loader	SAN	Storage Area Network
NTP	Network Time Protocol	SAS	Serial Attached SCSI
OCR	Optical Character Recognition	SATA	Serial Advanced Technology Attachment
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer	SC	Subscription Channel
OLED	Organic Light Emitting Diode	SCP	Secure Copy Protection
OS	Operating System	SCSI	Small Computer System Interface
PAN	Personal Area Network	SCSI ID	Small Computer System Interface Identifier
PATA	Parallel Advanced Technology Attachment	SD Card	Secure Digital Card
PC	Personal Computer	SDRAM	Synchronous Dynamic Random-Access Memory
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect	SEC	Single Edge Connector
PCIe	Peripheral Component Interconnect express	SFC	System File Checker
PCIX	Peripheral Component Interconnect Extended	SFF	Small Form Factor
PCL	Printer Control Language	SLI	Scalable Link Interface or System Level Integration
PCMCIA	Personal Computer Memory Card		or Scanline Interleave Mode
	International Association	S.M.A.R.T.	Self-Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology
PE	Preinstallation Environment	SMB	Server Message Block or Small To Midsize Business
PGA	Pin Grid Array	SMTP	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
PGA2	Pin Grid Array 2	SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
PII	Personally Identifiable Information	SoDIMM	Small outline Dual Inline Memory Module
PIN	Personal Identification Number	SOHO	Small Office, Home Office
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure	SP	Service Pack
PnP	Plug and Play	SPDIF	Sony/Philips Digital Interface Format
POP3	Post Office Protocol 3	SPGA	Staggered Pin Grid Array
PoS	Point of Sale	SRAM	Static Random-Access Memory
POST	Power On Self Test	SSH	Secure Shell
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service	SSID	Service Set Identifier
PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol	SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
PPTP	Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol	ST	Straight Tip
PRI	Primary Rate Interface	STP	Shielded Twisted Pair
PRL	Preferred Roaming List	SXGA	Super Extended Graphics Array
PROM	Programmable Read-Only Memory	TB	Terabyte
PS/2	Personal System/2 Connector	TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network	TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol
PSU	Power Supply Unit	TDR	Time Domain Reflectometer
PVC	Permanent Virtual Circuit	TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol
PXE	Preboot Execution Environment	TKIP	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
QoS	Quality of Service	TPM	Trusted Platform Module
RAID	Redundant Array of Independent	UAC	User Account Control
10.110	(or Inexpensive) Discs	UDF	User Defined Functions or Universal Disk Format
RAM	Random Access Memory	00.	or Universal Data Format
RAS	Remote Access Service	UDP	User Datagram Protocol
RDP	Remote Desktop Protocol	UEFI	Unified Extensible Firmware Interface
RF	Radio Frequency	UNC	Universal Naming Convention
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference	UPS	Uninterruptible Power Supply
MI	hadro i requericy interreference	01 3	ommerraphole rower supply



ACRONYM SPELLED OUT

URL Uniform Resource Locator
USB Universal Serial Bus
USMT User State Migration Tool
UTP Unshielded Twisted Pair
UXGA Ultra Extended Graphics Array

VESA Video Electronics Standards Association

VFAT Virtual File Allocation Table
VGA Video Graphics Array
VM Virtual Machine

VOIP Voice over Internet Protocol
VPN Virtual Private Network
VRAM Video Random-Access Memory

WAN Wide Area Network

WAP Wireless Access Protocol or Wireless Access Point

WEP Wired Equivalent Privacy

WiFi Wireless Fidelity

WINS Windows Internet Name Service
WLAN Wireless Local Area Network
WPA Wireless Protected Access
WPS WiFi Protected Setup

WUXGA Wide Ultra Extended Graphics Array

XGA Extended Graphics Array
ZIF Zero Insertion Force
ZIP Zig-zag Inline Package



A+ Proposed Hardware and Software List

CompTIA has included this sample list of hardware and software to assist candidates as they prepare for the A+ exam. This list may also be helpful for training companies who wish to create a lab component to their training offering. The bulleted lists below each topic are a sample list and not exhaustive.

EQUIPMENT

- · Apple tablet/smartphone
- Android tablet/smartphone
- · Windows tablet/smartphone
- · Windows laptop/Mac laptop/Linux laptop
- Windows desktop/Mac desktop/ Linux desktop
- Monitors
- Projectors
- SOHO router/switch
- Access point
- VoIP phone
- Printer
 - Laser/inkjet
 - Wireless
- Surge suppressor
- UPS

SPARE PARTS/HARDWARE

- Motherboards
- RAM
- Hard drives
- Power supplies
- Video cards
- · Sounds cards
- Network cards
- Wireless NICs
- Fans/cooling devices/heat sink
- CPUs
- Assorted connectors/cables
 - USB
 - HDMI
 - etc

- Adapters
- Network cables
- Unterminated network cable/connectors
- AC adapters
- Optical drives
- · Screws/stand-offs
- · Cases
- · Maintenance kit
- · Mice/keyboards

TOOLS

- Screw drivers
- Multimeter
- Wire cutters
- Punchdown tool
- Crimper
- Power supply tester
- Cable stripper
- POST cards
- · Standard technician toolkit
- ESD strap
- · Thermal paste
- · Cable tester
- WiFi analyzer
- SATA to USB connectors

SOFTWARE

- Operating system disks
- Antivirus software
- Virtualization software
- Anti-malware
- Driver software

